

Your partner for sustainability certification

practical oriented | reliable | efficient



In the 14th year of sustainability



- National certification scheme for biofuels
 REDcert-DE in 2010
- → International REDcert-EU scheme for biofuels with European recognition since 2012
- Voluntary REDcert² scheme for food and feed since 2015
- Extension of the REDcert² scheme for the chemical industry since 2018

Our shareholders























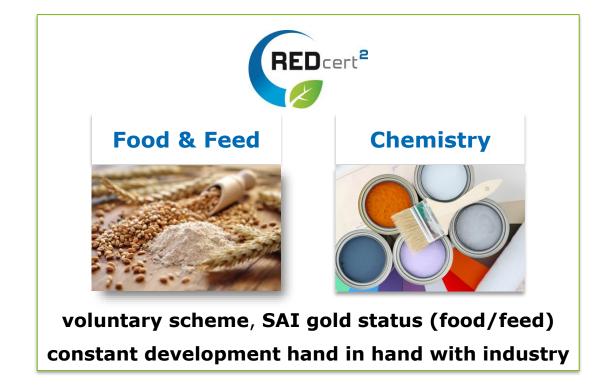




Overview of REDcert schemes









Transfer of concepts and expertise to additional industrial sectors

Transparency and identity





Examples for REDcert² certified chemical companies































































Beaulieu

Fibres

















HIRSCH Porozell





















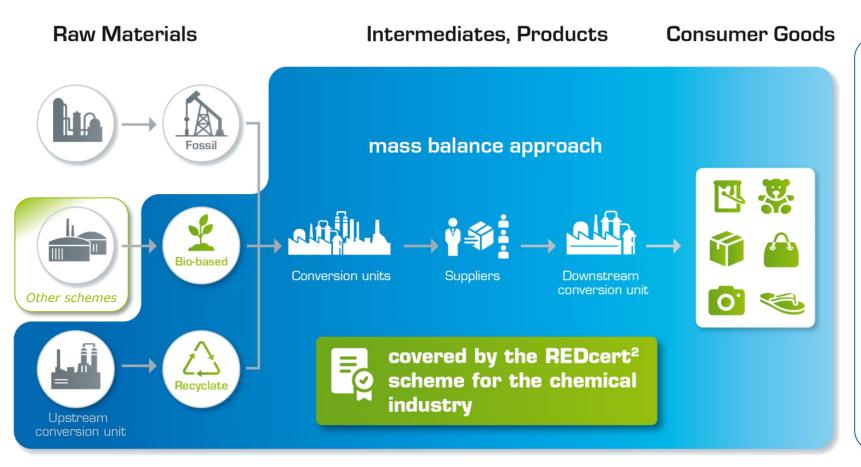






Chain of custody

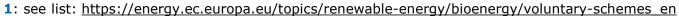




- Covers the whole value chain from raw material to products
- Individual product certificates
- Optional GHG emission and green electricity certification
- Acceptance of renewable raw materials and intermediates from selected other certification schemes
- Neutral third-party certification

Acceptance of other certification schemes

Certification scheme		Biomass	Recyclates	Intermediates
REDII voluntary schemes	1	✓	×	✓
ISCC Plus	ISCC PLUS	✓	✓	✓
RSB		✓	✓	✓
SAI-benchmarked ²	SAI	✓	×	×
FSC	FSC	✓	×	×
PEFC	PEFC	✓	×	×
EUCertPlast ³	i.	×	✓	×
RecyClass ³	RecyClass	×	✓	×



^{2:} see online: https://saiplatform.org/resource-centre/fsa/









³: only mechanically recycled material according to EU15343:2008

Chain of custody models

Different chain of custody models defined in ISO 22095:2020



Book & claim



Not allowed

Decoupling material and characteristics

Mass balance



Input/output balance and attribution of sustainability

Segregation & controlled blending



Input/output balance and knowing sustainable proportion

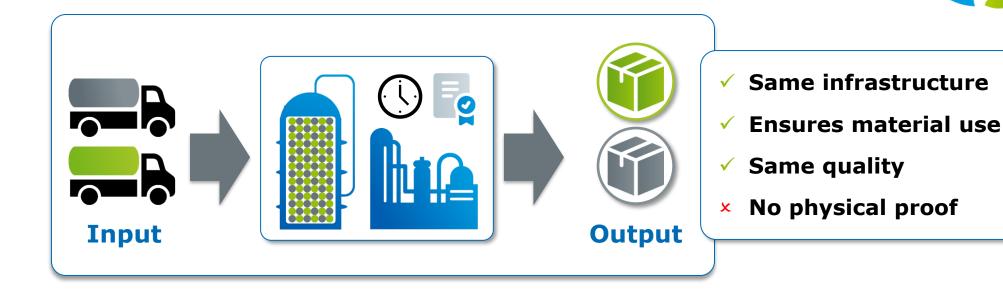
Identity preservation



No mixing of materials with varying characteristics

Principles of mass balancing

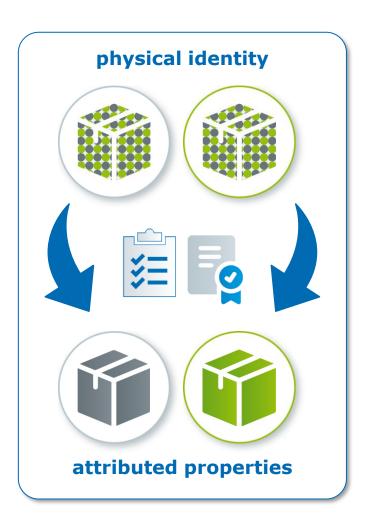




- Acounting method established in other markets (e.g. biofuels, wood, food, methane or electricity)
- Sustainable material can be stored, mixed and co-processed with conventional material
- Physical flow of the materials is not followed; actual physical content can vary
- Possibility of attribution/allocation of sustainability aspects to products

Principles of Attribution





- Unproportional accumulation of sustainable characteristics:
 "redistribution of properties"
- Physical use of the sustainable material is guaranteed
- Physical content of "sustainable atoms" is not guaranteed
- Verification by analytical methods is impossible
- Transparency by third-party certification
- High quality is ensured (e.g. less downcycling effects)

What is the "sustainable share"?





Fossil material



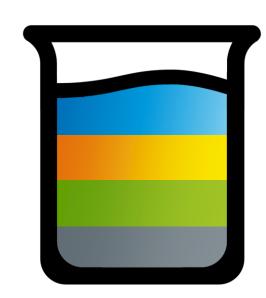
Sust. Biomass



Recyclates



Inorganics



Substitution degree:

- $\Rightarrow \text{ Share} = \frac{biomass + recyclates}{biomass + recyclates + fossil}$
- Only certified biomass and recyclates are considered, inorganics are neglected

Biogenic content:

- Careful: biogenic ≠ sustainable!

Recycled content:

- Limited to specific waste materials (e.g. post consumer waste) in some markets

Requirements on bill of materials and on certified products

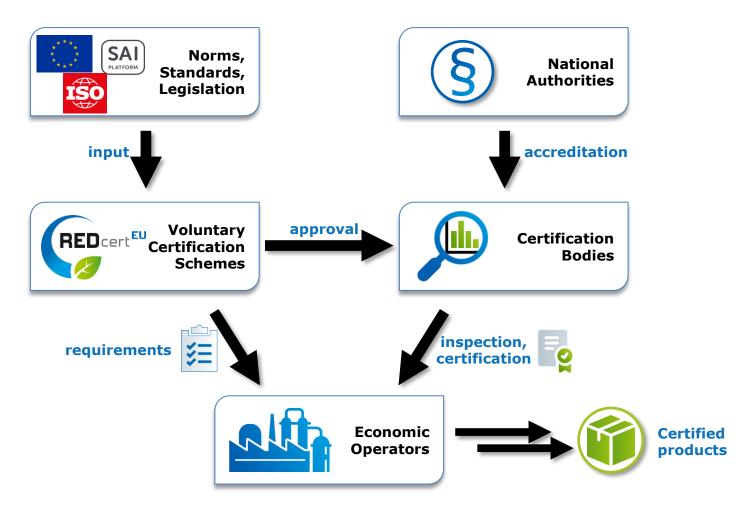




- → The minimum substitution quantity of fossil raw materials with renewable materials is 20%
- The actual value will be included in the individual product certificate
- Quality control is required, plant-specific calculations
- Bill of material is available and a max. deviation of 5% is allowed

Neutral third-party inspection





- → The basic system is based on the renewable energy directive and adapted to the chemical industry
- → Three-party system for maximum independence
- Certification takes place on site and covers companies as well as products

Product certificates





Hereby it is confirmed that the product

[Product name]

is handled / produced by one of the registered operating sites of the system participant

[Company name]

[Street name]. [#], [#] [city name], [country]

which complies with the requirements of the certification scheme

REDcert²

for the certification of sustainable material flows in the chemical industry. The inspection report documents that the following claims comply with the system principles

- Fossil resources saving product
- Fossil resources saving product by using sustainably certified renewable raw materials in the value chain
- This product supports / comes with / leads to / entails a [#]% substitution of fossil with sustainably certified renewable raw materials in the value chain.
- With the purchase of this product, [#]% of the fossil-based raw materials required for manufacturing of this product are replaced by sustainably certified biomass.
- 46% of the fossil-based raw materials required for the manufacturing of this
 product were replaced by sustainably certified biomass.

REDcert2-[certificate ID]-P-[#]

This product certificate is valid from [date] to [date].

This product certificate is only valid in connection with the site certificate (issued by [certification body]):

REDcert2-[certificate ID]

Product name (typically catalogue name)

Name and address of the certified company

Generic advertisement claims based on the product list (product category, sustainable share, green electricity)

Unique product ID

Period of validity

Responsible certification body

Company certificate ID

Product seal update







2022/23 intermediary version

- → The product label should be improved for the B2C context in response to the green claims directive
- → The last version presented is too limited to meet the requirements (legal concerns)
- New draft version is available, but individualized claims will be problematic

Past examples

KNAPSACK PRODUCTION SITE

Henkel und BASF setzen im Rahmen einer vierjährigen Kooperation auf das REDcert² Zertifizierungssystem. Im Rahmen der Kooperation werden in der Produktion von BASF

REDcert GmbH

fossile Rohstoffe durch nachwachsende #Rohstoffe zur Herstellung vo ... mehr anzeigen

MADE WITH **BIOMASS BALANCE**

METHOD

Microcare® Eco Products Range

Product Name INCI Name Microcare® Eco EHG Ethylhexylglycerin Microcare® Eco PTG Pentylene Glycol Microcare® Eco HXD 1.2-Hexanediol Microcare® Eco CLG Caprylyl Glycol Microcare® Eco DCG Decylene Glycol Microcare® Eco PE Phenoxyethanol

Microcare® Eco PEHG Phenoxyethanol, Ethylhexylglycerin

REDcert²

100% of the fossil-based raw materials required for the manufacturing of this product were replaced by sustainably



EqoBalance Automotive | Building & Construction | Plastics & Polymers | Transportation

CLARIANT ACHIEVES 100% GREEN ELECTRICITY CONSUMPTION AT

CAPAROL



151-190E

Water Se, dek per

UV Grundfüller, dunkelgrau





By choosing EqoBalance®, carpet manufacturers can contribute to a Nord - which recognizes the site's mass balance rd and gives carpet ased feedstock for specific products.







RED

Linked to mate

natural raw mo

sikkens

ALPHATEX

by participating in a collective and comprehensive certification scheme.



One of the



ED cert² scheme

ers the certification of sustainable erial flows in the chemical industry.

BLANC

FORMULE 20% BIO-BALANCE • MÉTHODE DU BILAN MASSE ORGANIQUE

20% de la formule du produit est fabriquée par le site de production Henkel à partir de matériaux bio-équilibrés (matières premières renouvelables) au lieu de matières premières fossiles en utilisant approche REDcert² du bilan de masse.



100% d'énergies renouvelables utilisées sur le site de production².

ALPHAIEX SE



BIØ-BASED **MATERIALS**



Konzentrat

Kühlerschutz

Engine coolant concentrate

Dreifachschutz gegen Korrosion, Überhitzung und Frost

Ecotain









G30°

ECO

auch für Elektrofahrzeuge geeignet also suitable for electric vehicles

Offiziell zugelassen u. a. für / officially approved by: Audi (1996-07/2007), Mini Diesel (2007-2011), Porsche (1996-2009),

Seat (1997-2007), Skoda (1998-08/2008), Volkswagen (1997-08/2008)

Alfa Romeo (> 2006), Chevrolet (2 2001), Citroen (2 1993), Dacia (2 2005) Fiat (2 2005), Ford (2 1998), Honda (2 1983), Hyundai (2 1982),

KIA (2 1991), Mazda (2 1977), Nissan (2 1982), Opel (2 2001), Peugeot (2 1993), Renault (2 1995), Smart (> 2015), Suzuki (2 1981),







tifica

), REI





NACHHALTIGEN

* Hierbei handelt es sich um nachhaltige Materialien, die sich durch das

ISCC PLUS (Kunststoff) und REDcert² (Silikon) zertifizierte Massenbilanzverfahren zu 100% auf natürliche Rohstoffe zurückführen lassen



Legal background





Brussels, 22.3.2023 COM(2023) 166 final 2023/0085 (COD)

Proposal for a

DIRECTIVE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL

on substantiation and communication of explicit environmental claims (Green Claims









53% of green claims give vague, misleading or unfounded information

40% of claims have no supporting evidence

Half of all green labels offer weak or non-existent verification

There are 230 sustainability labels and 100 green energy labels in the EU, with vastly different levels of transparency

EN

EN

Source: environment.ec.europa.eu/topics/circular-economy/green-claims_en

Current draft versions





Bei der Herstellung dieses Produktes (ohne Verpackung) wurden 20 % der fossilen Rohstoffe durch zertifiziert nachhaltige Materialien ersetzt.

www.REDcert2.info



Bei der Herstellung dieses Produktes wurden rechnerisch 20 % der fossilen Rohstoffe unter Verwendung des REDcert² Massenbilanzansatzes durch zertifiziert nachhaltige nachwachsende Rohstoffe ersetzt.

www.REDcert2.info



Dieses Produkt besteht aus 20 % zertifizierten recycelten Materialien.

www.REDcert2.info

- Preliminary versions
- → Two-part structure: seal and "flag" with explanatory text
- → Different colors
 - Blue: general sustainable product
 - Green: made from certified biomass
 - Red: made from recycled waste
- Monochromatic design for easier processing

We are happy to answer your questions!





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RED II vs. ISO norms: different approaches to LCAs





Renewable Energy Directive

Growth of plants is not considered a negative emission.

Waste is considered climate neutral (0 GHG).

Exact system limits are specified by RED II.

Emission of CO₂ from biosources is considered climate neutral.





Carbon embedded in plants is considered a negative emission.

Recycled waste can be included in the LCA of the source material as a "second life".

Exact system limits may depend on the specific scenario.

Any end of life emission is to be included.